Indian Statistical Institute B.Math I Year Second Semester, 2005-2006 Mid Semester Examination Probability Theory II Time: 2 1/2 hrs Date:01-03-06 Max. Marks : 80

Note: The paper carries 85 marks. Any score above 80 will be treated as 80.

- 1. Suppose the times it takes two students to solve a problem are independently and exponentially distributed with parameter  $\lambda > 0$ . Find the probability that the first student will take at least thrice as long as the second student to solve the problem. [12]
- 2. Let X, Y be i.i.d random variables with continuous strictly positive probability density function. Let F denote the common distribution function. Find the probability density function of F(X) + F(Y). [15]
- 3. Let  $X_1, X_2$  be independent random variables such that  $X_1 \sim N(\mu_1, \sigma_1^2)$ ,  $X_2 \sim N(\mu_2, \sigma_2^2)$ . Let  $Y_1 = X_1$ ,  $Y_2 = X_1 + X_2$ . Find
  - (a) the distribution of  $(Y_1, Y_2)$
  - (b) cov  $(Y_1, Y_2)$
- 4. Let μ<sub>1</sub>, μ<sub>2</sub> ∈ ℝ, σ<sub>1</sub>, σ<sub>2</sub> > 0, -1 < ρ < 1.</li>
  (a) Write down the bivariate normal probability density function with means μ<sub>1</sub>, μ<sub>2</sub>, variances σ<sub>1</sub><sup>2</sup>, σ<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>, and correlation coefficient ρ.

(b) Find the marginal and the conditional probability density functions.

[7+13]

[13+5]

5. Let  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$  be independent N(0, 1) random variables. Indicating clearly the results you are using, find the distributions of

(i) 
$$X_1^2 + X_2^2 + X_3^2$$
, (ii)  $\frac{2X_1^2}{(X_2^2 + X_3^2)}$ , (iii)  $\frac{X_1}{X_2}$  [6+6+8]